ACCESSORY STRUCTURES General Standards



What is an Accessory Structure?

- Any building that is not attached to a house, such as a garden shed or detached garage.
- Any structure that is not attached to a house, such as a pergola, arbor, cob bench, or trellis.
- Some accessory structures have open walls and/or roofs.

Problems to Solve

- Current standards are overly restrictive with regard to height and size, and don't take the location of the structure into consideration.
- There are no regulations for the type of siding materials that can be used on small buildings.

This wind energy system is not allowed under current standards.



Tools We Can Use

- Development standards: maximum height, size, setbacks, and lot coverage.
- Design standards: exterior materials, roof pitch.















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Key Recommendations

- Increase allowed sizes. Allow structures that are set back further from property lines to be taller and have a larger footprint than those that are closer to the property lines.
- Exterior materials. Prohibit the use of PVC or plastic supports, and fabric, tarpaulin, or other similar materials.
- Sustainability. Allow sustainability-related accessory structures such as solar arrays, wind generators, and stormwater cisterns.

Anticipated Results

Increase Allowed Sizes.

Recommendation

Detached ADU meets setback and height standards and is smaller than the primary dwelling.



Example of an accessory structure

that would be approvable

Example of an accessory structure that would NOT be approvable

Accessory structure is as large as the primary dwelling.



Exterior Materials.

Wood or other permanent material.



PVC, fabric, tarps, or similar materials.



Sustainability.

Residential cisterns, solar panels, and wind energy systems would be clearly allowed.



Large scale systems would not be allowed.

